

Adaptive Management Middleware for Grid Services and Applications Based on Policies

Edgar Magaña and Joan Serrat

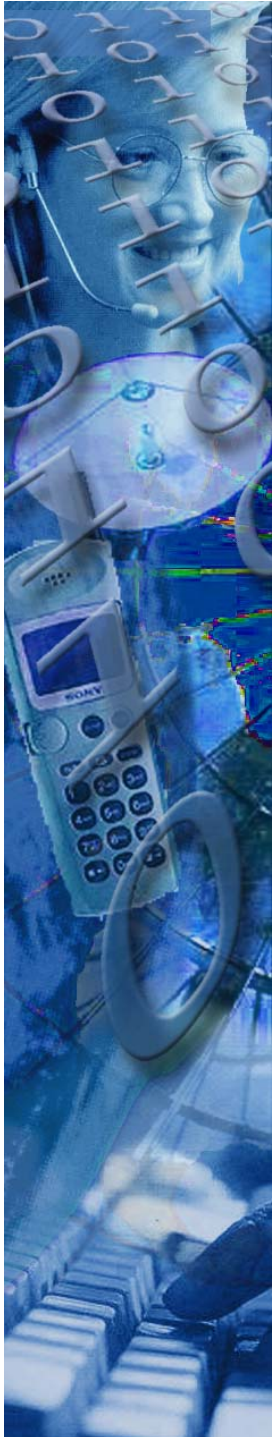
Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya (UPC)

Network Management Group

Jordi Girona, 1-3 D4-213 Barcelona, Spain

emagana@nmg.upc.es





Agenda



- Introduction
- Management Middleware Requirements
- Functional Requirements for Grid Connectivity Services Management
- Policy-Based Management Proposal - Overview
- Initial Trials
- Conclusions
- Ongoing and Future Work



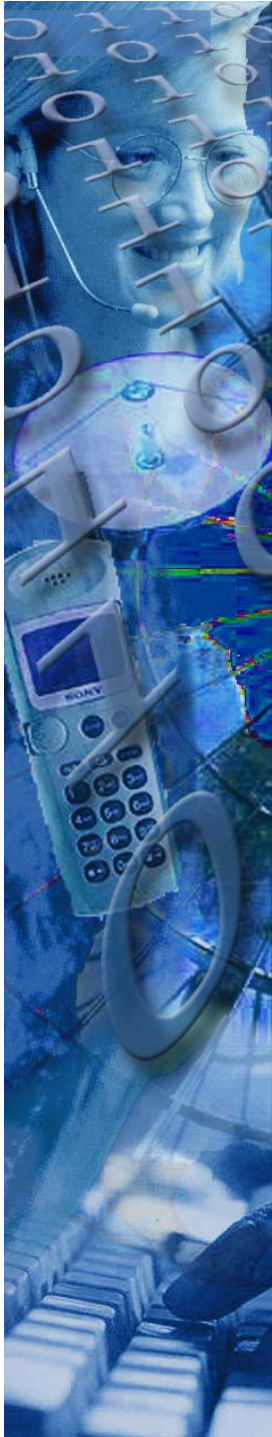


Introduction (I)



- **Next Generation Grid Computing Tendencies:**
 - Services should be provided to users regardless of network technology, administrative domain or operative platform.
 - Effective access to large amount of computing, network and storage resources, reducing procurement, deployment, maintenance and operational cost.
 - Network Performance: Fault-tolerance, Reliability, Scalability, Flexibility and Persistence.
 - OGSA Compatibility





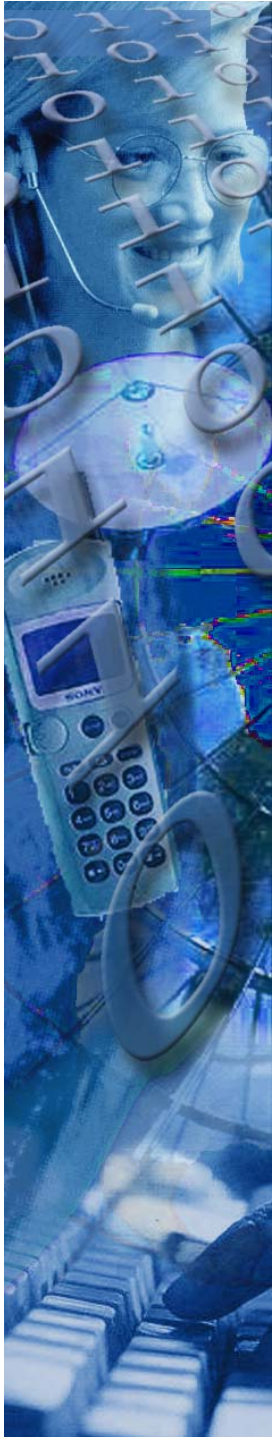
Introduction (II)



- **Main Problems:**

- Swift and dynamic reservation and allocation of computational resources
- Allocation of network resources per service
- Configuration of resources on fly
- Deployment of distributed services in heterogeneous and multi-domain networks





Management Middleware Requirements



Grid computing is affected by continuous innovations

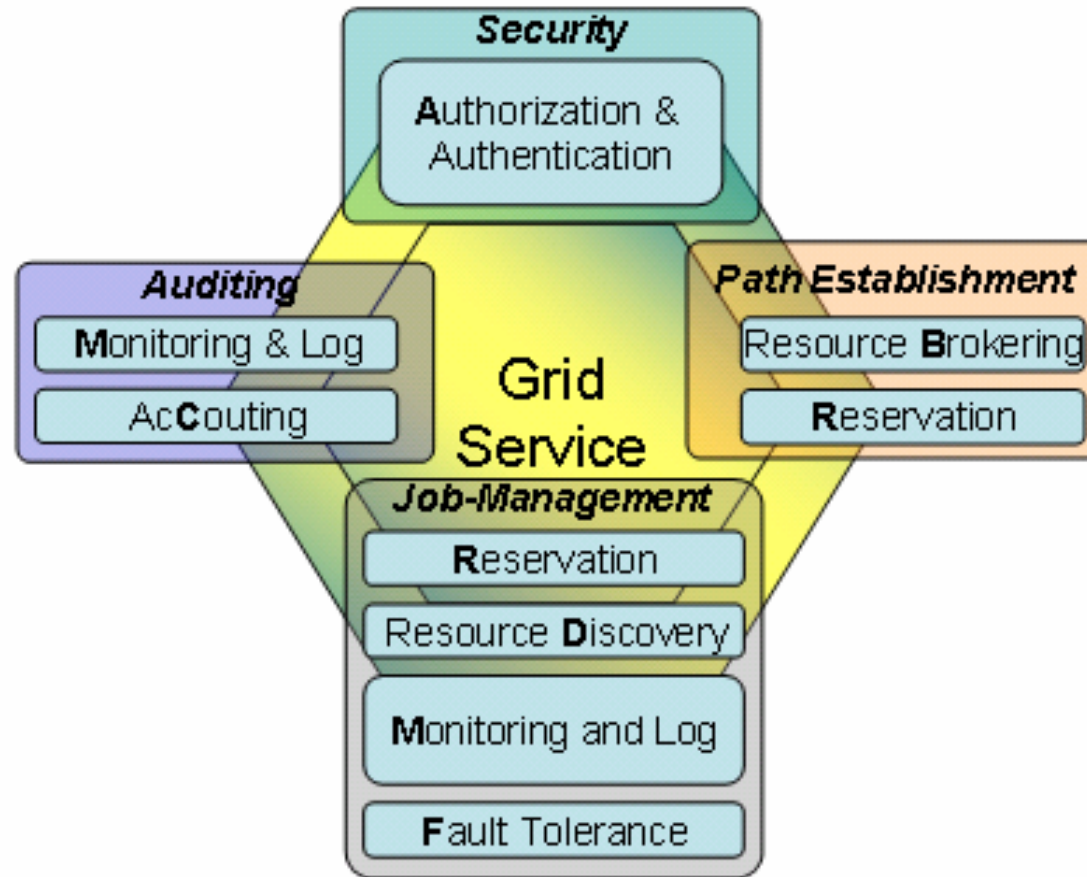
- Schemas conversion technologies
- Common meta-models and ontologies
- Allow data to move between different systems technologies
- Intercommunication between different network domains

Key challenges are “Co-ordination” and “Orchestration”

- Services on the net need specific resources requirements
- Usually these requirements are hard coded using low-level primitives
- Grid need to handle resources in more dynamic way
- Grid applications will require to co-ordination and orchestration of grid elements at run time



Functional Requirements for Next Generation Grid Services Management



**Virtual Grid Path (VGP)
Management Activities**



Adaptive Management Policy-Based System



• Main Goal

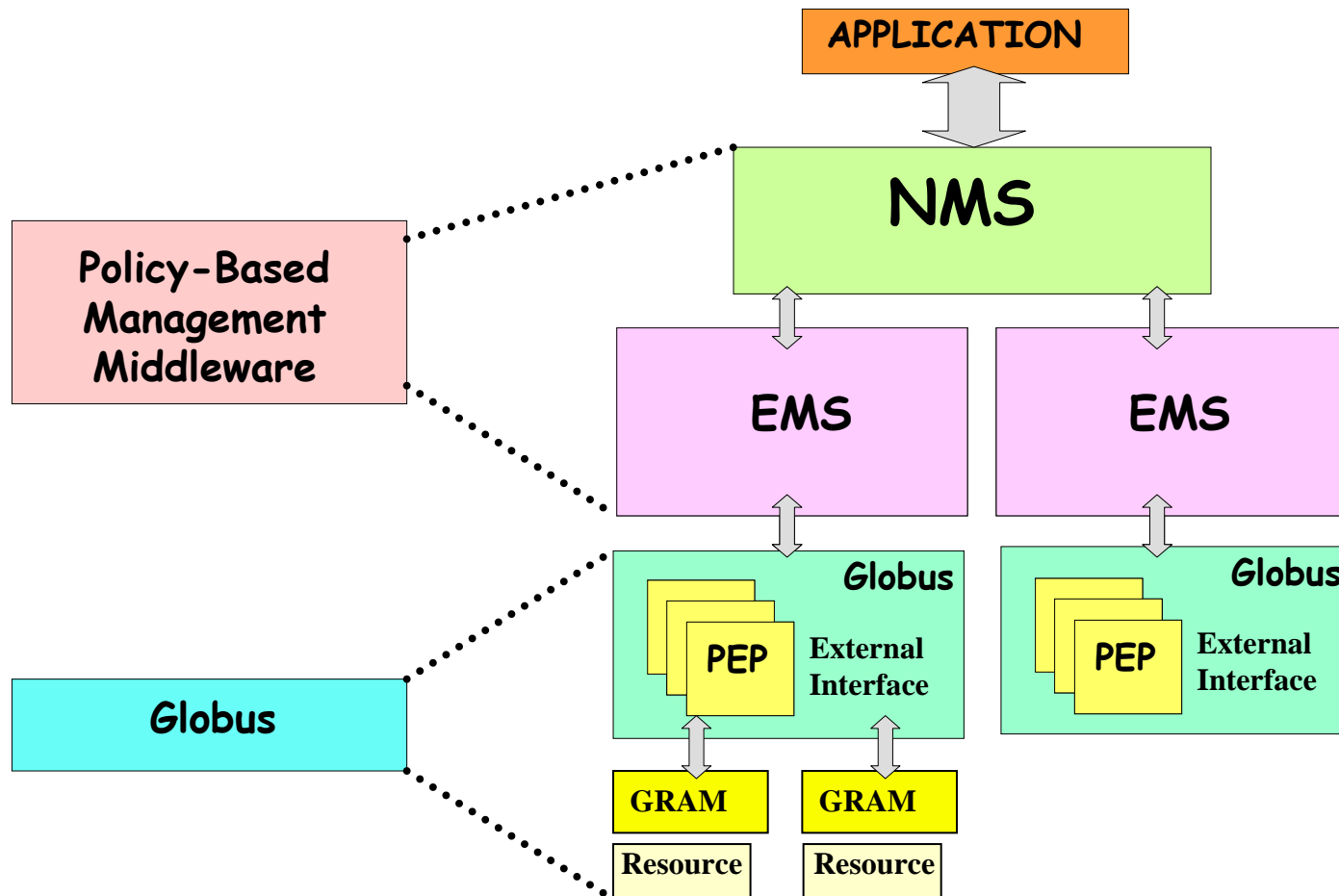
- Design and implement components for a policy-based management middleware in order to manage grid services on heterogeneous networks.

• Individual Objective

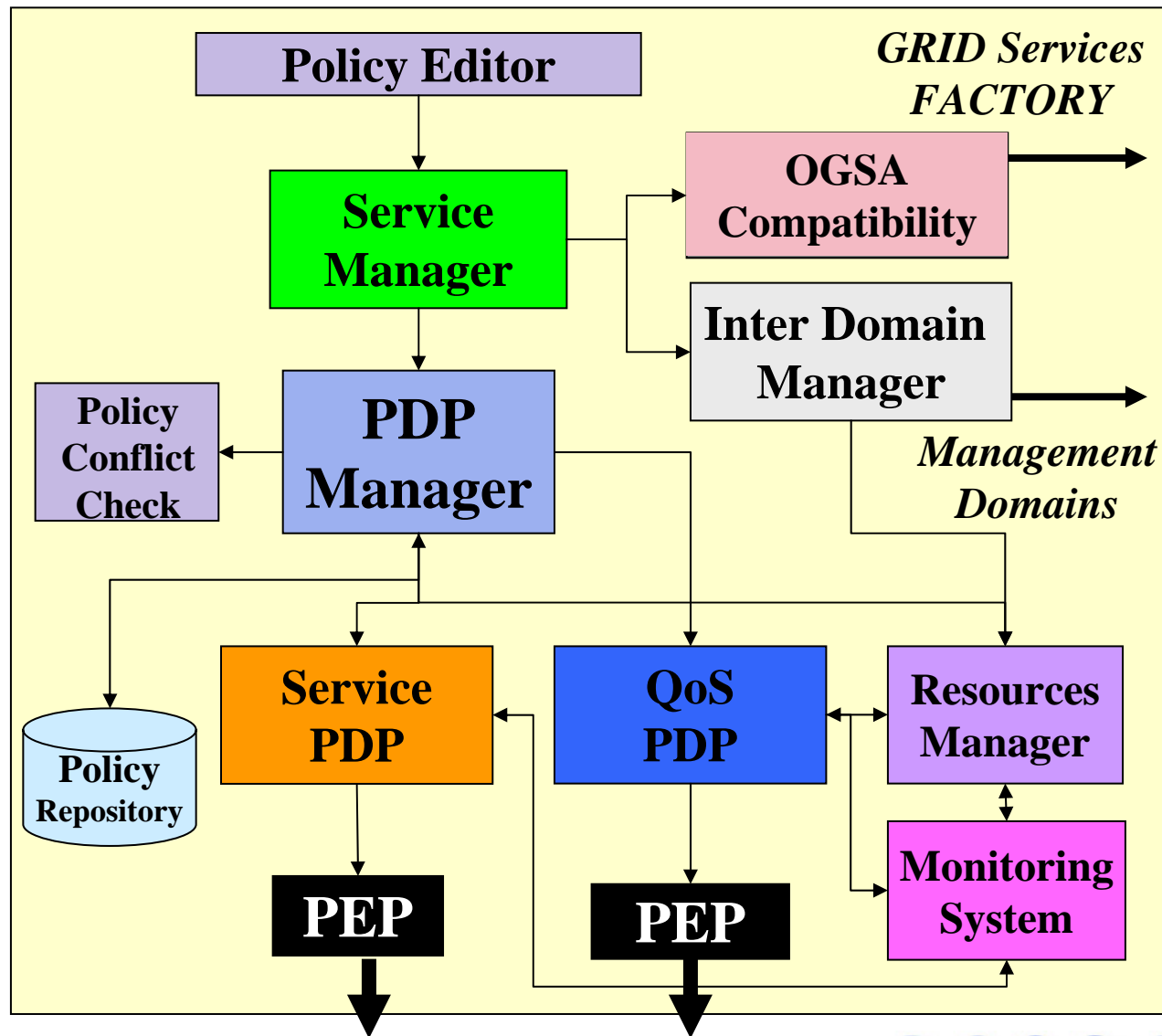
- The architecture should ease to deploy and activate of grid services for all kind of allowed users
- Dynamic extensibility of management functionality to cope with new grid services
- Allocation, modification, removal of isolated forwarding and computational resources with QoS and security to privileged users
- Cope with heterogeneous programmable and passive networks
- The framework should be capable of detecting its position within the management infrastructure and extended by itself



PBMS Architecture



PBMS Architecture



PBMS - High Level Functionality



Virtual-Grid Path Configuration

- The provision of end-to-end IP paths over heterogeneous networks
- Support QoS parameters by policies resources reservation will be applied in the path-provisioning request

Resources Reservation and Activation

- Network fault-tolerance management
- Network trouble isolation
- Restoration for grid services
- Real-time management for service network providers



PBMS - High Level Functionality



Grid Services Deployment

- Acknowledge of the grid services
- Reservation of resources based on QoS requirements
- Deployment and activation of resources as well as services
- Service management by monitoring tools and re-configuration of both resources and services.

OGSA Compatibility

- Parse of SOAP files into OGSA compatibility component
- Extraction of grid service deployment and configuration parameters
- Communication by XML schemas



Example Scenario



Re-Configuration: The NMS will re-configure the services by deploying new EL policies modifying the Network Resources Reserved.

Reservation and Allocation: The QoS PEPs apply the policies to reserve the corresponding network resources.

Monitoring: The MS sends an alarm which indicates that the resources will not anymore available.



Management Policies

NMS

EMS

EMS

Video Decoding

Service Continues Running.

10.0.4.176/28

Linux - Debian Globus 2.4

EMS

NMS

10.0.4.192/28

Linux • Debian Globus 2.4

VIDEO SERVER

147.83.106.64/26

Linux- Fe Globus 2

Client

Video Law

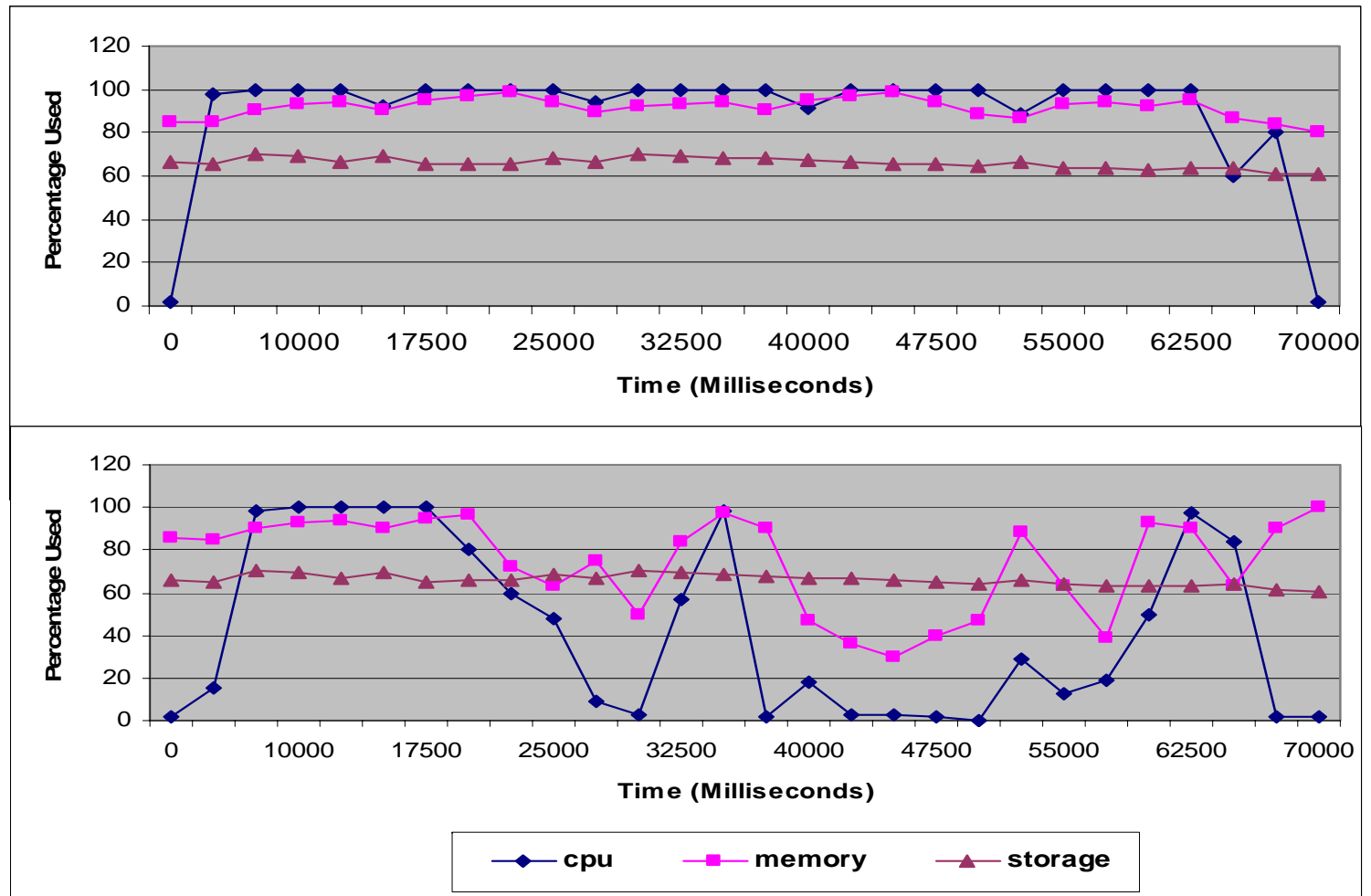




PBMS – Initial Trials (I)



Resources Monitoring on UPC - Test bed





PBMS – Initial Trials (II)



Deploy Management Policies - Times

ACTIVITY	TIME
<i>NL Policy Creation (QoS parameters)</i>	634 ms
<i>Resources Monitoring</i>	1145 ms
<i>Resources Selection and Reservation</i>	2386 ms





Conclusions (I)



A Full-featured Adaptive Management Middleware

- An architecture taking advantage of the synergy obtained by coupling Policy-based technology and Globus Toolkit
- Simplifies grid services deployment and management
- Optimal manage of the network resources
- Scalable architecture as well as automate
- Deployment and Activation of Grid services in all planes





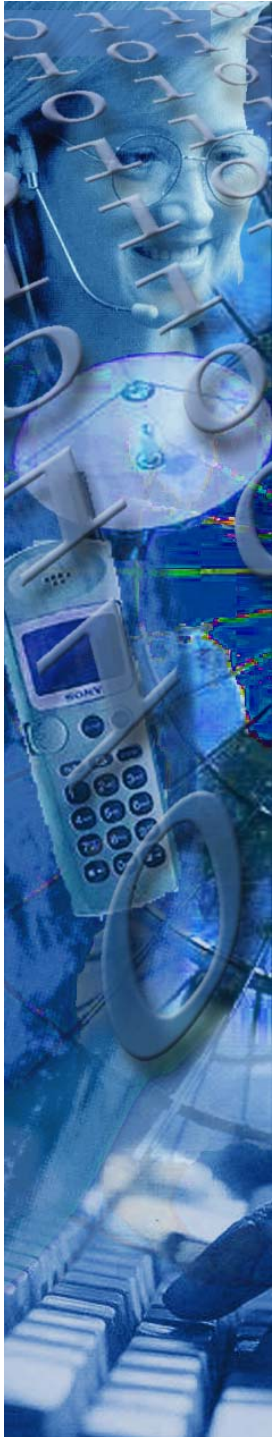
Conclusions (II)



Integrated Approach to Grid Service Management

- Open architecture for final users
- Intercommunication between different domains
- Support for dynamic, reconfigurable on demand, secure and highly customizable computing storage and networking environments
- Dynamic extensibility and flexibility of the architecture





Ongoing and Future Work



- The development of further Grid Applications
- Implement the policy-based architecture
- Analyze the functionality of the architecture
- To carry out the appropriate performance tests:
 - **Scalability**
 - **Flexibility**
 - **Fault Tolerance**
 - **Management Times vs. Deployment times**
 - **Interoperability**



**Thank You!!!
Any Questions ??**



**Edgar Magaña Perdomo (UPC)
<http://nmg.upc.es/~emagana/>
For more information on
Management Grid Computing!!!!**

