Exam #3 → Tuesday, March 5

Concepts Chapter #5:

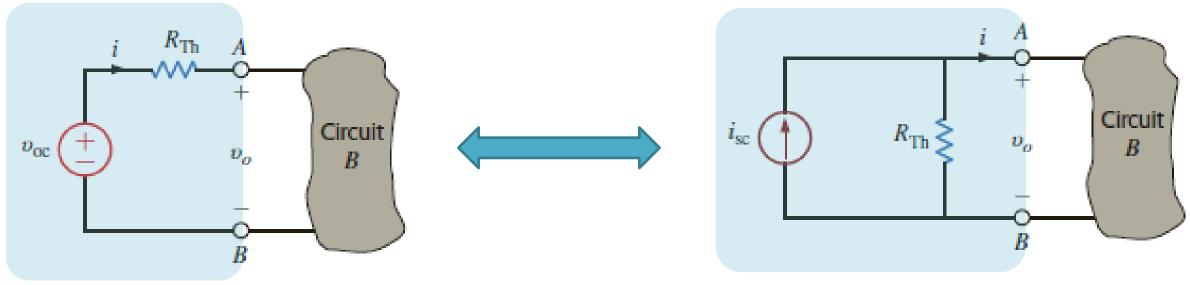
- \rightarrow Thursday, March 7
- \rightarrow Tuesday, March 12

- 1) Superposition
- 2) The venin's & Norton's Theorem
- 3) Source Transformation
- 4) Maximum Power Transfer

- 1) Independent Sources Only
 - Find either V_{oc} or I_{sc}
 - R_{Th} can be extrapolated directedly from the network
- 2) Dependent Sources Only
 - The equivalent circuit is R_{Th} only
 - Find R_{th} through ohms law by placing an voltage/current source and measuring the current/voltage
- 3) Independent and Dependent Sources
 - Must calculate both the V_{oc} and I_{sc} to calculate R_{TH} .
 - Must not split the dependent source an its controlling variable

Source Transformation

Thevenin



Thevenin and Norton Equivalent circuits are equivalent... ... hence source transformation is possible remembering

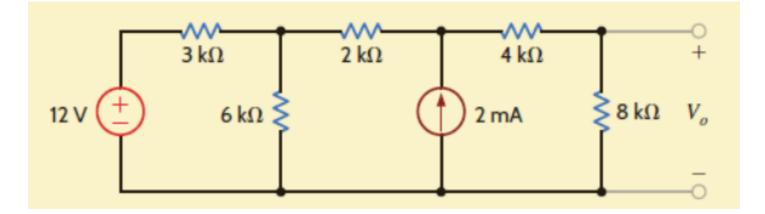
$$\boldsymbol{v}_{oc} = \boldsymbol{R}_{Th} \cdot \boldsymbol{i}_{sc}$$

Norton

2/28/2019

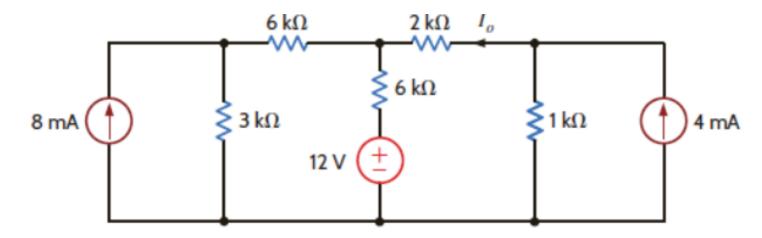
Learning Assessment \rightarrow E5.13

Use source transformation to find V₀ in the network provided.



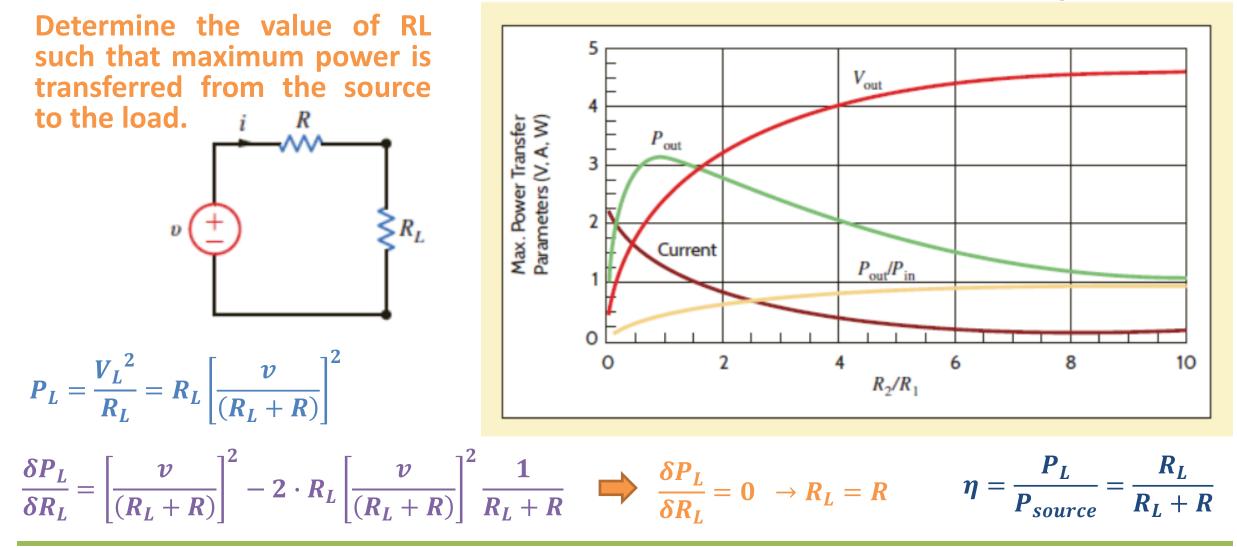
Learning Assessment \rightarrow E5.15

For the given network find I₀ using source transformation.



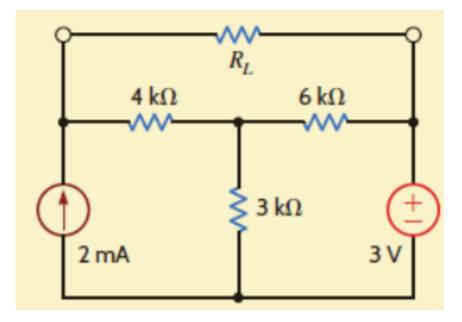
Maximum Power Transfer

Assuming v = 5V, $R = 2\Omega$



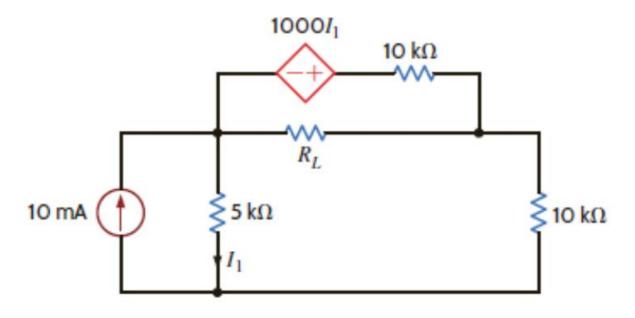
Example \rightarrow 5.15

For the given network find the value of R_L for maximum power transfer and the maximum power that can be transferred to this load.



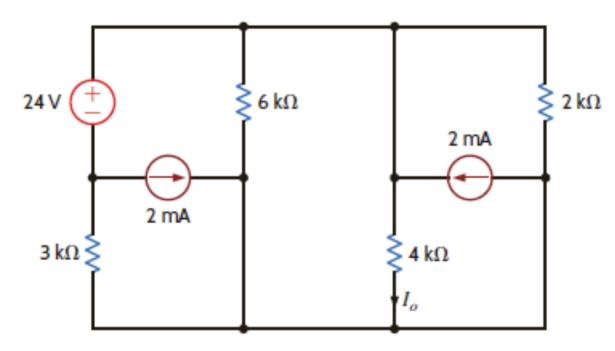
Problem \rightarrow P5.124

For the given network find the value of R_L for maximum power transfer and the maximum power that can be transferred to this load.



Problem \rightarrow P5.106

Using source transformation, find I₀ in the circuit provided.



Problem \rightarrow P5.87

Find the Thevenin equivalent circuit of the provided network at terminals A-B.

