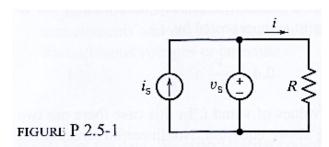
Universidad de Puerto Rico Recinto Universitario de Mayagüez Departamento de Ingeniería Eléctrica y Computadoras

INEL 4075 Asignacion #2:

Semana de lunes 26 de enero de 2015.

Nombre:_____

Sección:____

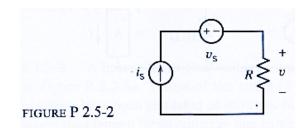


P2.5-1 A current source and a voltage source are connected in parallel with a resistor as shown in Figure P2.5-1. All of the elements connected in parallel have

the same voltage, v_s in this circuit. Suppose that $v_s = 15 \text{ V}$, $i_s = 3 \text{ A}$, and $R = 5 \Omega$.

- (a) Calculate the current i in the resistor and the power absorbed by the resistor.
- (b) Change the current source current to $i_s = 5$ A and recalculate the current, $i_s = 5$ A and recalculate the current, $i_s = 5$ A and recalculate the current $i_s = 5$ A and recalculate the current i

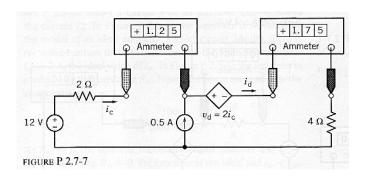
the resistor and the power absorbed by the resistor.



P2.5-2 A current source and a voltage source are connected in series with a resistor as shown in Figure P 2.5-2. All of the elements connected in series have the same current, i_s , in this circuit. Suppose that $v_s = 10 \text{ V}$, $i_s = 2\text{A}$, and $R = 5 \Omega$. (a)

Calculate the voltage v across the resistor and the power absorbed by the resistor.

(b) Change the voltage source voltage to $v_s = 5$ V and recalculate the voltage, v, across the resistor and the power absorbed by the resistor.



P 2.7-7 Find the power absorbed by the CCVS in Figure P 2.7-7.