

Fundamentos de Transformadores y Máquinas Eléctricas

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Clase 5

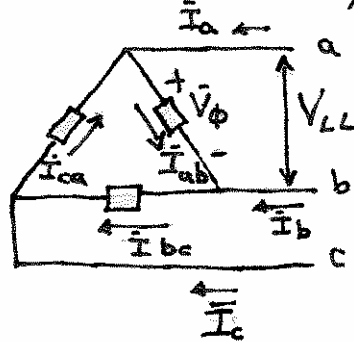
Circuitos Trifásicos Balanceados

∴ En conexión Y

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{V}_{LL} &= \sqrt{3} [\bar{V}_\phi] \angle +30^\circ \\ \bar{I}_L &= \bar{I}_\phi\end{aligned}$$

Esto Aplica a todas las 3 Fases

II Conexión Delta, Δ ("Delta Connection")



$$\bar{V}_{LL} = \bar{V}_\phi$$

$$\bar{I}_a = \bar{I}_{ab} - \bar{I}_{ca}$$

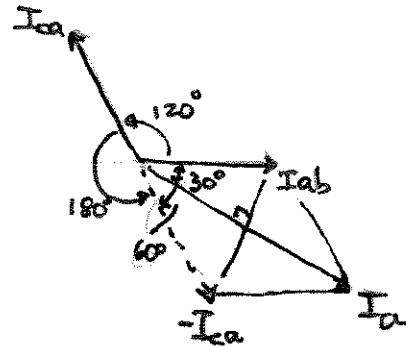
$$\bar{I}_b = \bar{I}_{bc} - \bar{I}_{ab}$$

$$\bar{I}_c = \bar{I}_{ca} - \bar{I}_{bc}$$

$$\bar{I}_{ab} = I_\phi \angle 0^\circ \quad \bar{I}_{bc} = I_\phi \angle -120^\circ \quad \bar{I}_{ca} = I_\phi \angle -240^\circ$$

Circuitos Trifásicos Balanceados

$$\bar{I}_a = I_\phi \angle 0^\circ - I_\phi \angle +120^\circ$$



$$|I_a| = 2 |\bar{I}_{ab}| \cos \theta$$

$$= \cancel{2} |\bar{I}_{ab}| \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\cancel{2}}$$

$$|I_a| = \sqrt{3} |I_{ab}|$$

$$\bar{I}_a = \sqrt{3} [\bar{I}_{ab}] \angle -30^\circ$$

∴ En conexión Δ

$$\bar{V}_{LL} = \bar{V}_\phi$$

$$\bar{I}_L = \sqrt{3} [\bar{I}_\phi] \angle -30^\circ$$

Resumen

Conexión
 $Y_{\frac{1}{2}}$

Voltajes

$$\bar{V}_{LL} = \sqrt{3} [\bar{V}_{\phi}] \angle +30^{\circ}$$

$$\bar{V}_{ab} = \sqrt{3} [\bar{V}_{an}] \angle +30^{\circ}$$

$$\bar{V}_{bc} = \sqrt{3} [\bar{V}_{bn}] \angle +30^{\circ}$$

$$\bar{V}_{ca} = \sqrt{3} [\bar{V}_{cn}] \angle +30^{\circ}$$

Corrientes

$$\bar{I}_L = \bar{I}_{\phi}$$

Δ

$$\bar{V}_{LL} = \bar{V}_{\phi}$$

$$\bar{I}_L = \sqrt{3} [\bar{I}_{\phi}] \angle -30^{\circ}$$

$$\bar{I}_a = \sqrt{3} [\bar{I}_{ab}] \angle -30^{\circ}$$

$$\bar{I}_b = \sqrt{3} [\bar{I}_{bc}] \angle -30^{\circ}$$

$$\bar{I}_c = \sqrt{3} [\bar{I}_{ca}] \angle -30^{\circ}$$

Potencia Trifásica

$$\bar{S}_\phi = \bar{V}_\phi \bar{I}_\phi^* \quad \text{por FASE}$$

$$E_n \ Y : \quad \bar{S}_{3\phi} = 3 \bar{S}_\phi = 3 \bar{V}_\phi \bar{I}_\phi^* = \frac{\cancel{3} \bar{V}_{LL}}{\cancel{\sqrt{3}} \angle +30^\circ} \bar{I}_L^* \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\cancel{\sqrt{3}}}$$

$$\bar{S}_{3\phi} = \sqrt{3} \bar{V}_{LL} \bar{I}_L^* \angle -30^\circ$$

$$E_n \ \Delta : \quad \bar{S}_{3\phi} = 3 \bar{S}_\phi = 3 \bar{V}_\phi \bar{I}_\phi^* = 3 \bar{V}_{LL} \left(\frac{\bar{I}_L}{\sqrt{3} \angle -30^\circ} \right)^* = \frac{\cancel{3} \bar{V}_{LL} \bar{I}_L^*}{\cancel{\sqrt{3}} \angle +30^\circ} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\cancel{\sqrt{3}}}$$

$$\bar{S}_{3\phi} = \sqrt{3} \bar{V}_{LL} \bar{I}_L^* \angle -30^\circ = 3 \bar{V}_\phi \bar{I}_\phi^*$$

Resumen

En Resumen:

Potencia Trifásica

$$\bar{S}_{3\phi} = \sqrt{3} \bar{V}_{LL} \bar{I}_L^* \angle -30^\circ = 3 \bar{V}_\phi \bar{I}_\phi^* \quad \text{para } \Delta \text{ y } Y$$

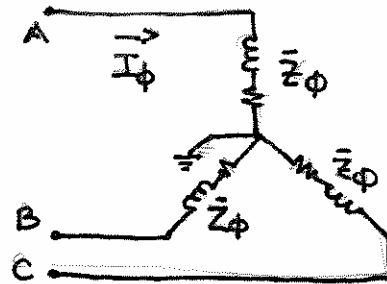
de aquí,

$$\begin{aligned} |\bar{S}_{3\phi}| &= \sqrt{3} |\bar{V}_{LL}| |\bar{I}_L| \\ P_{3\phi} &= \sqrt{3} |\bar{V}_{LL}| |\bar{I}_L| \cos \theta \\ Q_{3\phi} &= \sqrt{3} |\bar{V}_{LL}| |\bar{I}_L| \sin \theta \end{aligned}$$



$$P.F. = \cos \theta = \frac{P_{3\phi}}{S_{3\phi}} = \frac{\cancel{\sqrt{3} V_{LL} I_L} \cos \theta}{\cancel{\sqrt{3} V_{LL} I_L}}$$

Ejemplo:



$$|\bar{V}_{AB}| = 208 \text{ V}$$

$$\bar{Z}_{\phi} = 4 + j3 \Omega = 5 \angle 36.9^{\circ} \Omega$$

$$\bar{S}_{3\phi} = ?$$

$$\bar{S}_{3\phi} = 3 \bar{V}_{\phi} \bar{I}_{\phi}^*$$

$$\bar{V}_{an} = \frac{208}{\sqrt{3}} \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$\bar{I}_{\phi} = \frac{\bar{V}_{an}}{\bar{Z}_{\phi}} = \frac{208 \angle 0^{\circ}}{\sqrt{3}(5 \angle 36.9^{\circ})} = 24 \angle -36.9^{\circ} \text{ A}$$

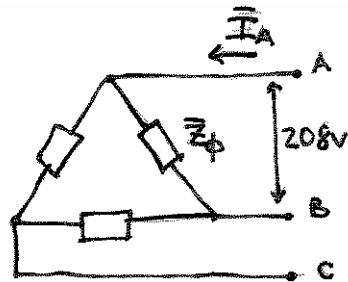
$$\bar{S}_{3\phi} = 3 (120 \angle 0^{\circ} \text{ V}) (24 \angle -36.9^{\circ} \text{ A})^* = 8632.8 \angle +36.9^{\circ} \text{ VA}$$

$$\bar{S}_{3\phi} = (6919.5 + j5195.3) \text{ VA}$$

$\uparrow$ $\uparrow$
 $P_{3\phi}$ $Q_{3\phi}$

$$\text{P.F.} = \cos(36.9^{\circ}) \text{ lag.} = 80\% \text{ lag.}$$

Ejemplo:



$$\bar{Z}_{\phi} = 12 + j9 \, \Omega = 15 \angle 36.9^{\circ} \, \Omega$$

$$\bar{V}_{\phi} = \bar{V}_{LL} = 208 \angle 0^{\circ} \, V$$

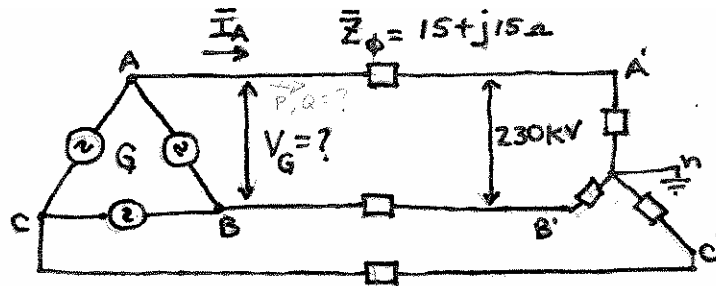
$$\bar{I}_{\phi} = \frac{\bar{V}_{\phi}}{\bar{Z}_{\phi}} = \frac{208 \angle 0^{\circ} \, V}{15 \angle 36.9^{\circ} \, \Omega} = 13.87 \angle -36.9^{\circ} \, A$$

$$\bar{S}_{3\phi} = 3 \bar{V}_{\phi} \bar{I}_{\phi}^* = 3 (208 \angle 0^{\circ} \, V) (13.87 \angle -36.9^{\circ} \, A)^* = (8652.8 \angle 36.9^{\circ} \, VA)$$

$$\bar{S}_{3\phi} = (\underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ P}}{6919.5} + j \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ Q}}{5195.3}) \, VA$$

$$PF = \cos \theta = \cos (36.9^{\circ}) \, \text{lag.} = 80\% \, \text{lag.}$$

Ejemplo:



$$P_L = 20 \text{ MW @ } .8 \text{ pf. lag}$$

↑
(3φ, si no indica lo contrario)

En la Carga:

$$\text{I. } \bar{V}_{AB} = 230 \angle 30^\circ \text{ KV}_{//}$$

$$\bar{V}_{An} = \frac{230}{\sqrt{3}} \angle 0^\circ \text{ KV}_{//}$$

$$\text{II. } \theta = \cos^{-1}(.8) = -36.9^\circ \quad \text{negativo por ser lagging.}$$

$$\text{III. } P_{3\phi} = \sqrt{3} |\bar{V}_{LL}| |\bar{I}_L| \cos \theta$$

$$\bar{I}_L = \frac{P_{3\phi}}{\sqrt{3} |\bar{V}_{LL}| \cos \theta} = \frac{20 \text{ MW}}{\sqrt{3} (230 \text{ KV}) (.8)} = 62.76 \text{ A}$$

$$\bar{I}_{A'} = 62.76 \angle -36.9^\circ \text{ A}_{//}$$

Entre Fuente y Línea:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{IV. } \bar{V}_{A_n} &= \bar{V}_{A'n} + \bar{V}_{Line} = \bar{V}_{A'n} + \bar{I}_A \bar{Z}_\phi = (230/\sqrt{3} \angle 0^\circ \text{ KV}) + (62.76 \angle -36.9^\circ \text{ A})(15+j15) \\ &= (132.8 \angle 0^\circ \text{ KV}) + (1331.34 \angle 8.1^\circ) \\ \bar{V}_{A_n} &= 133.3 \angle 0.81^\circ \text{ KV}\end{aligned}$$

En la Fuente

$$\text{V. } \bar{V}_{AB_G} = \sqrt{3} \bar{V}_{A_n} \angle +30^\circ = 230.9 \angle 30.08^\circ \text{ KV}$$

$$\bar{I}_{\phi_G} = \frac{\bar{I}_A}{\sqrt{3} \angle -30^\circ} = \frac{62.76 \angle -36.9^\circ \text{ A}}{\sqrt{3} \angle -30^\circ} = 36.23 \angle -6.9^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{VI. } \bar{S}_{3\phi_G} &= 3 \bar{V}_{\phi_G} \bar{I}_{\phi_G}^* = 3 (230.9 \angle 30.08^\circ \text{ KV}) (36.23 \angle -6.9^\circ \text{ A})^* \\ &= 25.10 \angle 36.98^\circ \text{ MVA}\end{aligned}$$

$$\bar{S}_{3\phi_G} = (20.05 + j 15.1) \text{ MVA} \quad \text{P.F.} = \frac{20.05}{25.1} = 0.7988$$