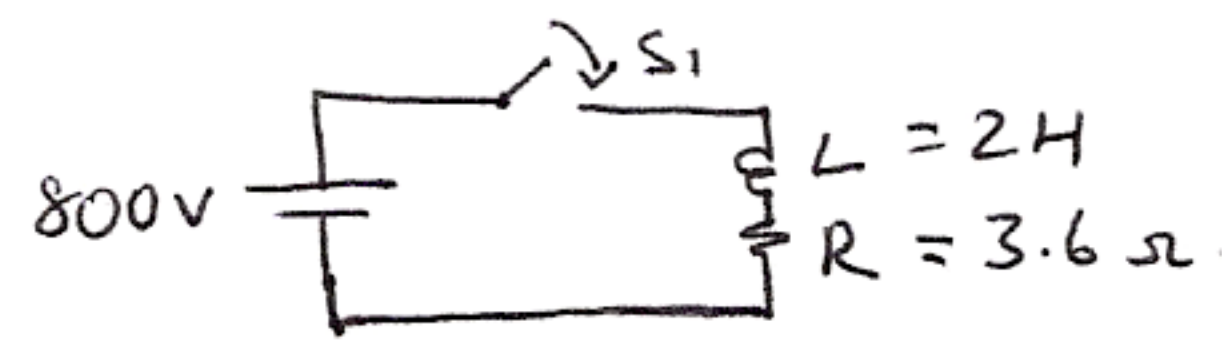


Prob 2.7, Part I



$$\tau = \frac{L}{R} = \frac{2}{3.6} = 0.556 \text{ s}$$

$$I_{\max} = \frac{800\text{V}}{R} = \frac{800\text{V}}{3.6\Omega} = 222 \text{ [A]}$$

charging L: $I(t) = I_{\max} (1 - e^{-t/\tau})$

$$@ 1\text{s} \quad I(1) = 222 (1 - e^{-1.8}) = 185.3 \text{ [A]}$$

$$E_L = \frac{1}{2} L I^2 = \frac{1}{2} (2\text{H}) (185.3\text{A})^2 = 34,337 \text{ [J]}$$

Total Energy is the integral from $t=0$ to 1s .

$$E_T = \int_0^1 V I dt = \int_0^1 (800) (222 (1 - e^{-1.8t})) dt$$

$$= 177,600 \int_0^1 (1 - e^{-1.8t}) dt = 177,600 \left[t + \frac{e^{-1.8t}}{-1.8} \right]_0^1$$

$$E_T = 95,243 \text{ [J]}$$

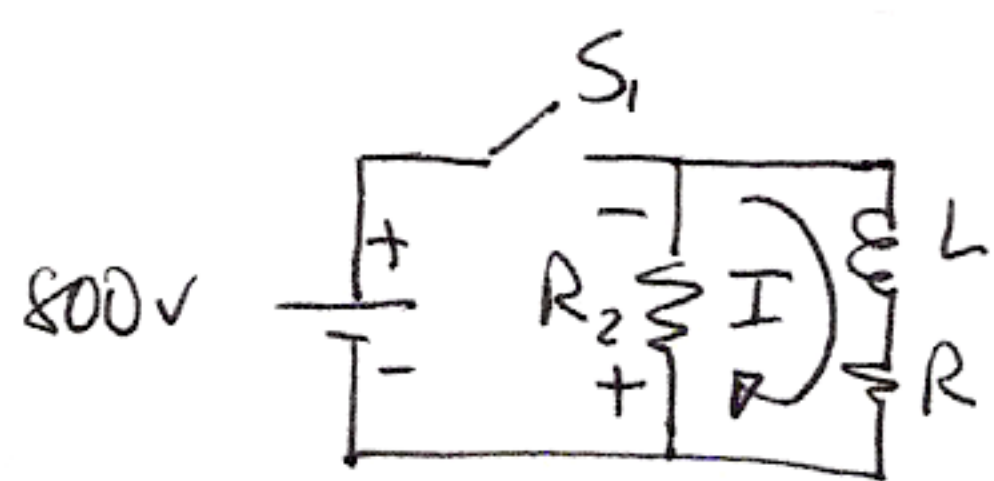
Energy dissipated at the coil is

$$E_{\text{dis}} = E_T - E_L = 95,243 \text{ [J]} - 34,337 \text{ [J]} = 60,905 \text{ [J]}$$

Part II

S_1 opens at the same time S_2 closes. In S.S., before S_2 closes,

$$I = \frac{800\text{V}}{3.6\Omega} = 222 \text{ [A]} \text{ then the switching occurs}$$



$$R_e = R_1 + R_2 = 3.6\Omega + 10\Omega = 13.6\Omega$$

$$\tau = \frac{L}{R_e} = \frac{2\text{H}}{13.6\Omega} = 0.147 \text{ s}$$

$$I(t) = 222 e^{-6.8t} \quad @ t = 0.1\text{s} \quad I(0.1) = 222 e^{-0.68}$$

$$I(0.1) = 112.5 \text{ [A]}$$

$$V_{R_2} = (112.5\text{A})(10\Omega) = 1125 \text{ [V]}$$

$$\text{Voltage at } S_1 \Rightarrow V_{S_1} = 800\text{V} + V_{R_2} = (800 + 1125) \text{ [V]}$$

$$V_{S_1} = 1925 \text{ [V]}$$

All energy stored in L at the time S_2 closes will be dissipated.

$$E_L = \frac{1}{2} L I^2 = \frac{1}{2} (2\text{H}) (222\text{A})^2 = 49,284 \text{ [J]}$$

$$E_{R_2} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} E_L = \frac{10}{13.6} (49,284 \text{ [J]}) = 36,238 \text{ [J]}$$

The rest will be dissipated in R, coil resistance.